pursuant to the guidelines set forth in paragraphs (a)(2) (i) and (ii) of this section shall be added to the time required by the original presumptive or effective date.

- (i) Escape or attempted escape—(A) Escape or attempted escape, except as listed below—8–16 months.
- (B) If from non-secure custody with voluntary return in 6 days or less— \leq 6 months.
- (C) If by fear or force applied to person(s), grade under (ii) but not less than Category Five.

NOTES: (1) If other criminal conduct is committed during the escape or during time spent in escape status, then time to be served for the escape/attempted escape shall be added to that assessed for the other new criminal conduct.

(2) Time in escape status shall not be credited.

(3) Voluntary return is defined as returning voluntarily to the facility or voluntarily turning one's self in to a law enforcement authority as an escapee (not in connection with an arrest on other charges).

(4) Non-secure custody refers to custody with no significant physical restraint [e.g., walkaway from a work detail outside the security perimeter of an institution; failure to return to any institution from a pass or unescorted furlough; or escape by stealth from an institution with no physical perimeter barrier (usually a camp or community treatment center)].

(ii) Other new criminal behavior in a prison facility.

Severity rating in the new criminal behavior (from §2.20)	Guideline range
Category One Category Two Category Three Category Four Category Five Category Six Category Seven Category Eight	<=8 months. <=10 months. 12–16 months. 20–26 months. 36–48 months. 52–64 months. 64–92 months. 120+ months.

Note: Grade unlawful possession of a firearm or explosives in a prison facility, other than a community treatment center, as Category Six. Grade unlawful possession of a firearm in a community treatment center as Category Four. Grade unlawful possession of a dangerous weapon other than a firearm or explosives (e.g., a knife) in a prison facility or community treatment center as Category Three.

(3) New criminal behavior in the community (e.g., while on pass, furlough, work release, or on escape). In such

cases, the guidelines applicable to reparole violators under §2.21 shall be applied, using the new offense severity (from §2.20) and recalculated salient factor score (such score shall be recalculated as if the prisoner had been on parole at the time of the new criminal behavior). The time required pursuant to these guidelines shall be added to the time required by the original presumptive or effective date.

Note: Offenses committed in a prison or in a Community Treatment Center that are not limited to the confines of the prison or Community Treatment Center (e.g., mail fraud of a victim outside the prison) are graded as new criminal behavior in the community.

(b) The above are merely guidelines. Where the circumstances warrant, a decision outside the guidelines (above or below) may be rendered provided specific reasons are given. For example, a substantial period of good conduct since the last disciplinary infraction in cases not involving new criminal conduct may be treated as a mitigating circumstance.

[45 FR 59871, Sept. 11, 1980, as amended at 51 FR 32072, Sept. 9, 1986; 52 FR 5763, Feb. 26, 1987; 52 FR 17399, May 8, 1987; 64 FR 59623, Nov. 3, 1999]

§ 2.37 Disclosure of information concerning parolees; Statement of policy.

- (a) Information concerning a parolee under the Commission's supervision may be disclosed to a person or persons who may be exposed to harm through contact with that particular parolee if such disclosure is deemed to be reasonably necessary to give notice that such danger exists.
- (b) Information concerning parolees may be released by a Chief U.S. Probation Officer to a law enforcement agency (1) as deemed appropriate for the protection of the public or the enforcement of the conditions of parole or (2) pursuant to a request under 18 U.S.C. 4203(e).
- (c) Information deemed to be "public sector" information may be disclosed to third parties without the consent of the file subject. Public sector information encompasses the following:
 - (1) Name;
 - (2) Register number;
 - (3) Offense of conviction;

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- (4) Past and current places of incarceration;
 - (5) Age;
- (6) Sentence data on the Bureau of Prisons sentence computation record (BP-5):
- (7) Date(s) of parole and parole revocation hearings; and
- (8) The decision(s) rendered by the Commission following a parole or parole revocation proceeding, including the dates of continuances and parole dates. An inmate's designated future place of incarceration is not public information.

[47 FR 13521, Mar. 31, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 33408, Sept. 3, 1987; 63 FR 25772, May 11, 1998]

§ 2.38 Community supervision by U.S. Probation Officers.

- (a) Pursuant to sections 3655 and 4203(b)(4) of title 18 of the U.S. Code, U.S. Probation Officers shall provide such parole services as the Commission may request. In conformity with the foregoing, probation officers function as parole officers and provide supervision to persons released by parole or as if on parole (mandatory release) under the Commission's jurisdiction.
- (b) A parolee may be transferred to a new district of supervision with the permission of the probation officers of both the transferring and receiving district, provided such transfer is not contrary to instructions from the Commission.

[44 FR 3409, Jan. 16, 1979]

§2.39 Jurisdiction of the Commission.

- (a) Jurisdiction of the Commission over a parolee shall terminate no later than the date of expiration of the maximum term or terms for which he was sentenced, except as provided by §2.35, §2.43, or §2.52.
- (b) The parole of any parolee shall run concurrently with the period of parole or probation under any other Federal, State, or local sentence.
- (c) Upon the termination of jurisdiction, the Commission shall issue a certificate of discharge to such parolee and to such other agencies as it may determine.

[42 FR 39809, Aug. 5, 1977, as amended at 48 FR 22919, May 23, 1983]

§ 2.40 Conditions of release.

- (a) The following conditions are attached to every grant of parole and are deemed necessary to provide adequate supervision and to protect the public welfare. They are printed on the certificates issued to each parolee and mandatory releasee:
- (1) The parolee shall go directly to the district named in the certificate (unless released to the custody of other authorities). Within three days after his arrival, he shall report to his parole adviser, if he has one, and to the U.S. Probation Officer whose name appears on the certificate. If in any emergency the parolee is unable to get in touch with his parole adviser or his probation officer or his office, he shall communicate with the U.S. Parole Commission, Chevy Chase, Maryland 20815–7286.
- (2) If the parolee is released to the custody of other authorities, and after release from the physical custody of such authorities, he is unable to report to the U.S. Probation Officer to whom he is assigned within three days, he shall report instead to the nearest U.S. Probation Officer.
- (3) The parolee shall not leave the limits fixed by his certificate of parole without written permission from the probation officer.
- (4) The parolee shall notify his probation officer within two days of any change in his place of residence.
- (5) The parolee shall make a complete and truthful written report (on a form provided for that purpose) to his probation officer between the first and third day of each month, and on the final day of parole. He shall also report to his probation officer, at other times as the probation officer directs, providing complete and truthful information
- (6) The parolee shall not violate any law, nor shall he associate with persons engaged in criminal activity. The parolee shall get in touch within two days with his probation officer or office if he is arrested or questioned by a lawenforcement officer.
- (7) The parolee shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or special agent for any law-enforcement agency.
- (8) The parolee shall work regularly unless excused by his probation officer,